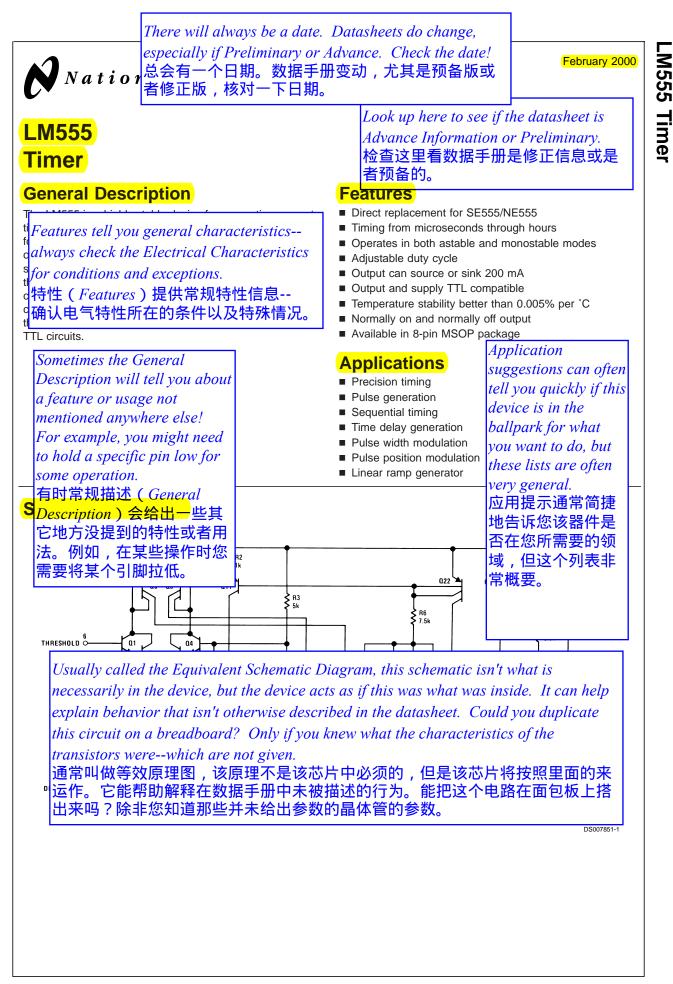
如何阅读数据手册 Prepared for the WIMS outreach program	
5/6/02, D. Grover	
为了使用PIC微控制器,触发器,光电检测器或者其它任何电子器件,您都应该参考 数据手册。数据手册是生产厂商提供给您包含以下信息的文档: * 器件的典型性能 * 最小和最大需求和特性 * 在不损坏器件的前提下可用它来做什么 * 使用建议和提示	s is the
生产厂商希望您(设计者)在使用他们的器件时具有成功的经历。他们试图对您有 所帮助,然而这并不总是成功的。下面 附带的这份数据手册是相对比较好的数据手册。 它试图简明地告诉您那些您想了解的关于该器件(一个通用的555时基芯片)的所有东 西。大部分集成电路(IC)的数据都按照大体同样的布局。	
您没有必要去理解数据手册中的每个部分。数据手册中有很多信息或许是对您没有 任何用处的。后面的注释试图指出数据手册中你应该要特别留意的那些部分。	

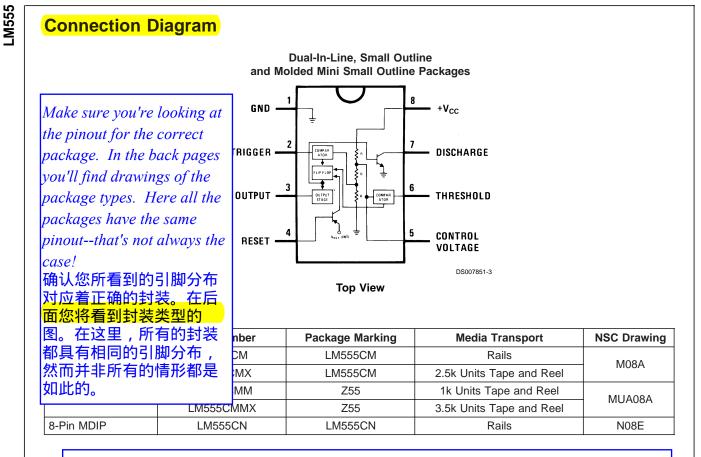
Manufacturers want you, the designer, to have a successful experience with their device. They are trying to be helpful. They don't always succeed. The datasheet on the following pages is a relatively good datasheet. It tries to concisely tell you everything you need to know about the device, a common 555 timer chip (the duct-tape of the electronics hobbyist). Most datasheets for ICs follow the same general layout.

You don't have to understand everything in a datasheet. There's a lot of information that might not be of any use to you. The annotations that follow try to point out parts of the datasheet that you should pay particular attention to.

Where do you find datasheets? Nowadays you can find almost any datasheet on the internet, often in PDF (Acrobat) form. For example, the LM555 datasheet from National Semiconductor is on their website at www.national.com.

What is the LM555? The LM555 is a timer chip that uses external resistors and capacitors to generate either a single pulse of a certain duration, or a continuous sequence of pulses with a variety of pulse widths possible. Because it is a very general purpose collection of functional blocks such as comparators, a flip-flop, internal voltage divider, high power output stage, and so on, a number of different timing-related functions are possible. Entire books have been written about the 555, though it is often used when another IC would work better. (See for example the CD4538 timer chip.)





Under Ordering Information you'll find a list of every variation of this device along with the COMPLETE part number. Often the first few letters are either industry-standard or identify the manufacturer (e.g., PIC). The generic identifier comes next ("555"). Suffixes generally give package type (surface mount and through hole types), temperature range (wider range = more expensive), speed (faster = more expensive), and other variations such as power, voltage range, etc.

在分类信息(Ordering Information)下,可以找到带有完整零件编号的该器件的每个 变种的列表。通常开始的几个字母是行业标准或者厂商标识(例如,PIC)。紧接着的 是常规标识(" 555 ")。后缀通常给出封装类型(贴片安装型或直插型),温度范围 (宽范围型,当然也会更贵),速度(快速型,当然也会更贵),以及其它各种如功 耗,电压范围等等。

Other elements in datasheets:
--Related devices, such as devices this supercedes, exactly replaces, or is replaced by
--Block diagrams of internals

--Information to support programming or configuring the device (registers, etc.) --Interfacing with other devices (including input/output characteristics) 数据手册中的其它成分:

--相关器件,如它可替换的,可直接替换的,或者可以被其它替换的器件

--内部方块图

--提供编程或者配置该器件的信息(寄存器等)

-与其它器件之间的连接(包括输入/输出特性)

www.national.com

大运作限制。						
characteristics) and AC or Timing, these tell you			Soldering (10 Seconds) Small Outline Packages (SOIC an Vapor Phi See Note 2 for details. Infrared (看注意2获取详细信息。 See AN-450 "Surrace Mounting Methods and in on Product Reliability" for other methods of sold surface mount devices.			
Parameter	Conditions		Limits		Units	
Wa	tch outthe datasheet mi	ight 🛛	Min	LM555C	Мах	
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	急数据手册可能 讨论豸		4.5	3	6	V
Supply Current 分。				10	15	mA
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Initial Accuracy Drift with Temperature Accuracy over Temperature Drift with Supply Timing Error, Astable Initial Accuracy Drift with Temperature Accuracy over Temperature Drift with Supply	$R_A = 1k \text{ to}$ typical. This $C = 0.1\mu$ F but not the v count on the 按照最小和 您了解到它 $R_A, R_B =$ $C = 0.1\mu$ F, (Note 5)	s gives yc worst-cas e typical! 日最大限制 日最大限制 日本能依雪	ou an id e. Good 可来设で も的行う	ea of the lind, robust de +,而不是 ,但不是 a. 3.0 0.30 0.667	kely behavi esign does :典型值。	ior, /°C not , 这让 /°C 况。 ,/°C % %/V × V _{cc}
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LM555

Electrical Characteristics (Notes 1, 2) (Continued)

(T_A = 25°C, V_{CC} = +5V to +15V, unless othewise specified)

Parameter	Conditions		Units		
		LM555C			
		Min	Тур	Мах	
Output Voltage Drop (Low)	$V_{\rm CC} = 15V$				
	I _{SINK} = 10mA		0.1	0.25	V
	I _{SINK} = 50mA		0.4	0.75	V
	$I_{SINK} = 100 \text{mA}$		2	2.5	V
	I _{SINK} = 200mA		2.5		V
	$V_{CC} = 5V$				
	I _{SINK} = 8mA				V
	I _{SINK} = 5mA		0.25	0.35	V
Output Voltage Drop (High)	I_{SOURCE} = 200mA, V_{CC} = 15V		12.5		V
	I_{SOURCE} = 100mA, V_{CC} = 15V	12.75	13.3		V
	$V_{CC} = 5V$	2.75	3.3		V
Rise Time of Output			100		ns
Fall Time of Output			100		ns

Note 1: All voltages are measured with respect to the ground pin, unless otherwise specified.

Note 2: Absolute Maximum Ratings indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Operating Ratings indicate conditions for which the device is functional, but do not guarantee specific performance limits. Electrical Characteristics state DC and AC electrical specifications under particular test conditions which guarantee specific performance limits. This assumes that the device is within the Operating Ratings. Specifications are not guaranteed for parameters where no limit is given, however, the typical value is a good indication of device performance.

Note 3: For operating at elevated temperatures the device must be derated above 25°C based on a +150°C maximum junction temperature and a thermal resistance of 106°C/W (DIP), 170°C/W (S0-8), and 204°C/W (MSOP) junction to ambient.

Note 4: Supply current when output high typically 1 mA less at V_{CC} = 5V.

Note 5: Tested at V_{CC} = 5V and V_{CC} = 15V.

Note 6: This will determine the maximum value of $R_A + R_B$ for 15V operation. The maximum total ($R_A + R_B$) is 20M Ω .

Note 7: No protection against excessive pin 7 current is necessary providing the package dissipation rating will not be exceeded.

Note 8: Refer to RETS555X drawing of military LM555H and LM555J versions for specifications.

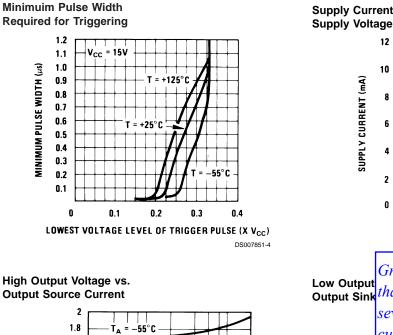
(Here is Note 2 in large print)

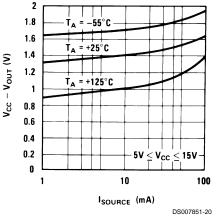
Note 2: Absolute Maximum Ratings indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Operating Ratings indicate conditions for which the device is functional, but do not guarantee specific performance limits. Electrical Characteristics state DC and AC electrical specifications under particular test conditions which guarantee specific performance limits. This assumes that the device is within the Operating Ratings. Specifications are not guaranteed for parameters where no limit is given, however, the typical value is a good indication of device performance. (这里是占很大版面的注意2)

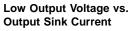
注意2:绝对最大级别(Absolute Maximum Ratings)表示超过将损坏芯片的限制。 操作级别(Operating Ratings)表示芯片基本功能的,但不保证特殊性能的限制条件。 电气参数(Electrical Characteristics)是在保证特殊性能限制下的特殊测试条件下规定的直 流和交流电气规范。这假设器件是在操作级别下。虽然规范并不保证在没有给定限制时的参 数,然而典型值依然是衡量器件性能的一项很好的指标。

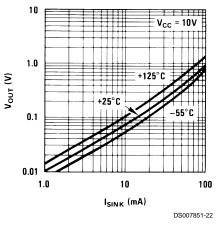
Typical Performance Characteristics

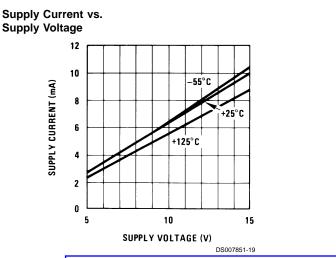






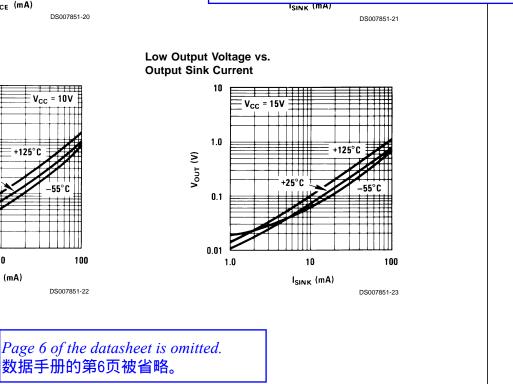






Low Output Output Sink several things are being varied--above, supply

- current is measured as voltage is changed, but this is also being show for three different temperatures. Note that 25C is roughly room
- $\frac{1}{5}$ temperature (77F).
- 图表被用来描述那些不容易放在表格里的特性。通常几个被变化--上文中,供电电流被测量当输入电压被改变时,并同时显示了三种温度下的值。注意25C是近似室温(77F)的温度。



Applications Information

MONOSTABLE OPERATION

In this mode of operation, the timer functions as a one-shot (*Figure 1*). The external capacitor is initially held discharged

NOTE: In monostable operation, the trigger should be driven high before the end of timing cycle.

Here are example circuits and application notes. Note too that often there are other sources for application information, such as separate Application Notes available from the manufacturer. 这里是示例电路和使用注意。注意通常有其它的应用信息来源,例如厂商提供的独立的应用注 意。

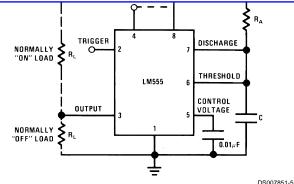
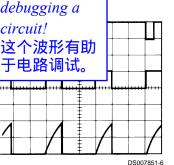


FIGURE 1. Monostable

The voltage across the capacitor then increases exponentially for a period of t = 1.1 P. C at the end of which time the

voltage equa flip-flop which output to its lo ated in this r threshold leve tional to supp supply. he end of which time the parator then resets the capacitor and drives the vs the waveforms genernce the charge and the are both directly propornternal is independent of



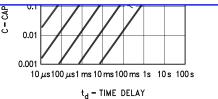
 $\begin{array}{ll} V_{CC}=5V & \mbox{Top Trace: Input 5V/Div.} \\ TIME=0.1\mbox{ ms/DIV.} & \mbox{Middle Trace: Output 5V/Div.} \\ R_A=9.1k\Omega & \mbox{Bottom Trace: Capacitor Voltage 2V/Div.} \\ C=0.01\mu F & \end{array}$

FIGURE 2. Monostable Waveforms

During the timing cycle when the output is high, the further application of a trigger pulse will not effect the circuit so long as the trigger input is returned high at least 10µs before the end of the timing interval. However the circuit can be reset during this time by the application of a negative pulse to the reset terminal (pin 4). The output will then remain in the low state until a trigger pulse is again applied.

When the reset function is not in use, it is recommended that it be connected to $V_{\rm CC}$ to avoid any possibility of false trig-

gering. Pages 8-11 have been omitted. Fiaure R. C values for 8-11页被省略。

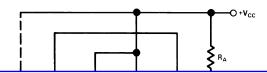


DS007851-7

FIGURE 3. Time Delay

ASTABLE OPERATION

If the circuit is connected as shown in *Figure 4* (pins 2 and 6 connected) it will trigger itself and free run as a multivibrator. The external capacitor charges through $R_A + R_B$ and discharges through R_B . Thus the duty cycle may be precisely set by the ratio of these two resistors.



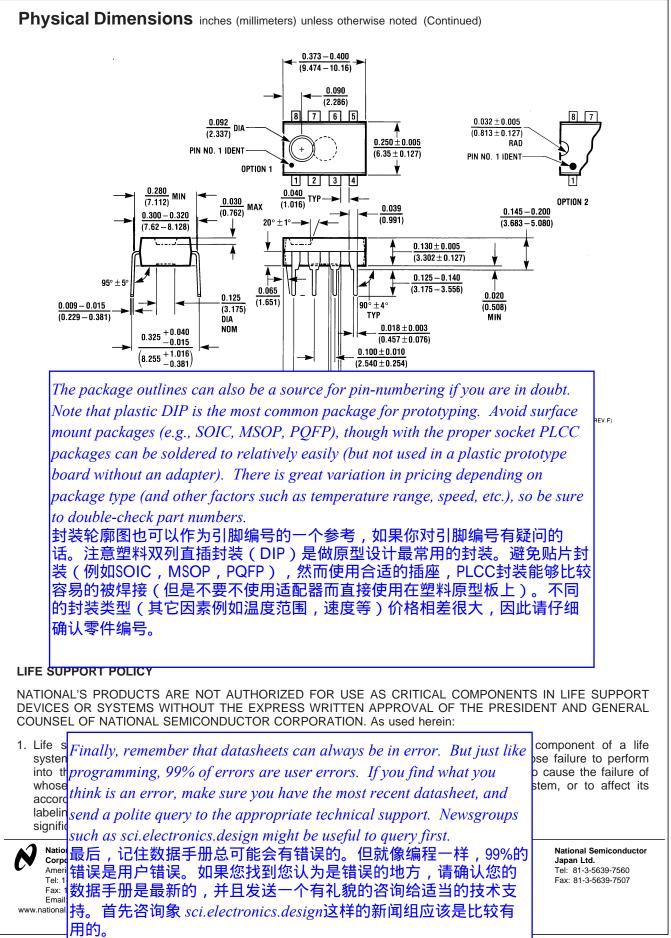
Not all datasheet application examples are so well written--sometimes you just get the raw schematics. For more complex devices, such as microcontrollers, different aspects might be handled in different sections--for example, a clock circuit in one part, a reset circuit in another. Read over all the sections to make sure you are using the device correctly and have supplied all the

necessary components.

并非所有的数据手册应用示例都写得这么充分,有时你仅得到一个不完整的原理图。对于更复杂的器件,例如微控制器,不同的方面可能被放在不同的部分--例如,时钟电路在一处,而复位电路却在另一处。阅读整个部分确保正确的使用器件以及提供了所有需要的元件。

LM555

LM555 Timer



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